CBER: BACK TO THE FUTURE

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The Regulatory Pendulum

Centralization

Enforcement

Legal emphasis

Privatization

Process

Decentralization

Education

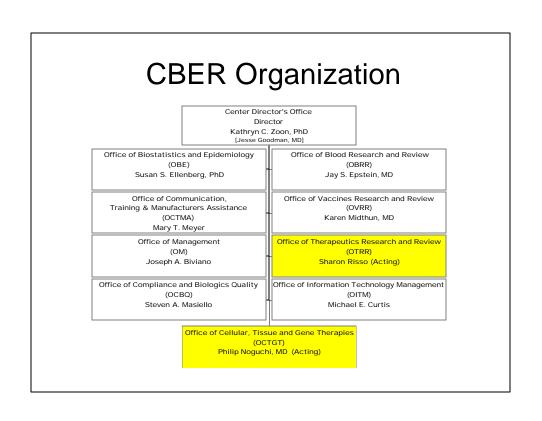
Science-based

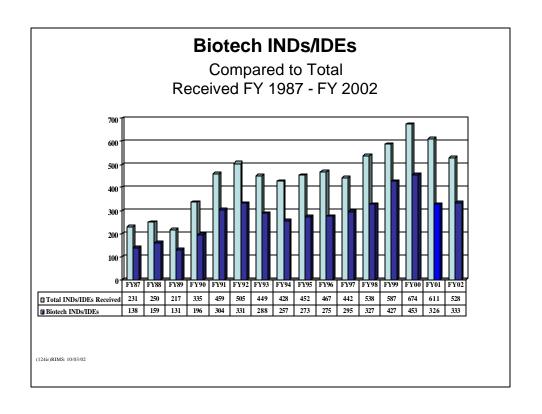
Government

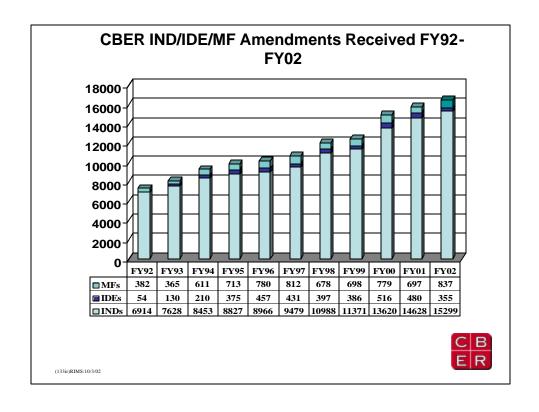
Content

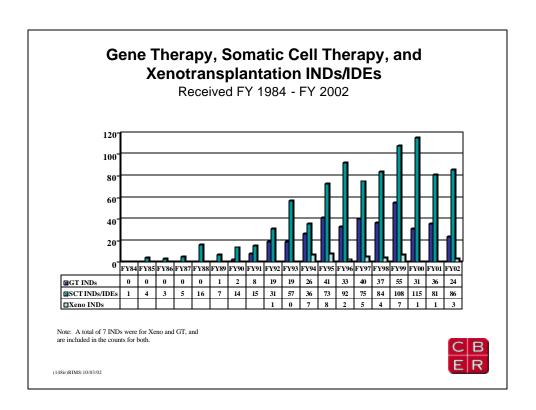
CBER CHALLENGES 2003

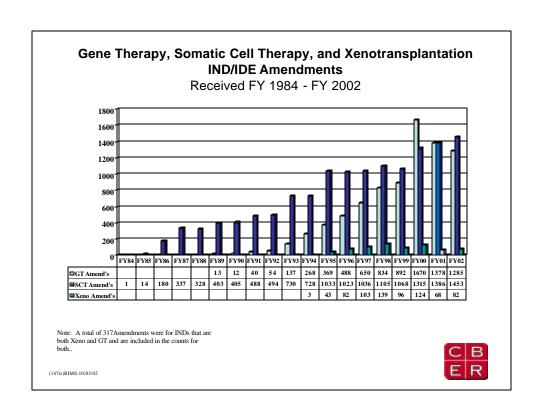
- Organizational Changes
- New Performance Goals
- New Technologies
- International Harmonization
- E-business
- Counterterrorism
- Strong Regulatory Research Programs











CBER PRODUCTS 2003

TODAY

- Vaccines
- Allergenic Products
- Blood and Blood Products
- Blood derivatives and recombinant analogues
- Tissue, Cell and Gene Therapies
- rDNA therapeutic proteins
- Monoclonal Antibodies
- Therapeutic Vaccines
- Biologics-related devices and drugs

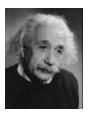
TOMORROW

- Vaccines
- Allergenic Products
- Blood and Blood Products
- Blood derivatives and recombinant analogues
- Tissue, Cell and Gene Therapies
- Therapeutic Vaccines??
- Biologics-related devices and drugs
- Some cytokines, monoclonal antibodies, and growth factors

Performance-Based Organization

- Prescription Drug User Fee Program
- Medical Device User Fee Modernization Act
- Blood and Tissue Safety

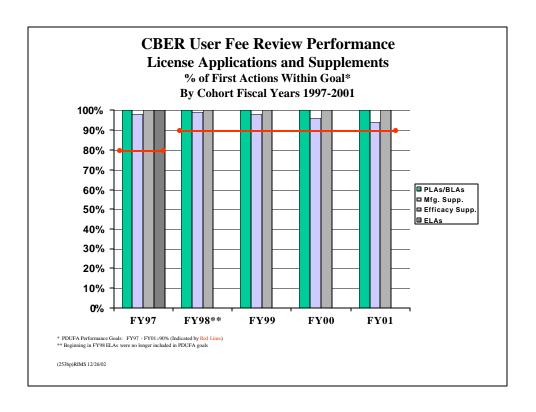
Performance-Based Organization



"Not everything that counts can be counted, and not everything that can be counted counts" Albert Einstein

CBER Biologics License Application Approvals for Biotechnology Products 1981-2002

<u>Years</u>	Therapeutics*	Vaccines	IVD	<u>Total</u>
1981-85	0	0	23	23
1986-90	6	2	35	43
1991-95	13	0	59	72
1996-00	26	2	26	54
2000-02	11	2	5	18
Total	56	6	148	210



CBER PDUFA II Procedural and Processing Goals Performance (as of December 31, 2002)

			Regu	ılatory N	leeting:	s Managem	ent			
			Actions Within Goal			Actions Overdue				
Fiscal Year	Goal	Meeting Requests Received	Completed	Pending	Total	Completed	Pending	Total	% Completed Within Goal	PDUFA Goal
	Response	387	283	0	283	104	0	104	73%	
FY 1999	Held	364	321	0	321	43	0	43	88%	70%
	Minutes	328	282	0	282	46	0	46	86%	
	Response	312	302	0	302	10	0	10	97%	
FY 2000	Held	294	277	0	277	14	3	17	94%	80%
	Minutes	251	229	0	229	19	3	22	91%	
	Response	388	379	0	379	9	0	9	98%	
FY 2001	Held	341	330	0	330	10	1	11	97%	90%
	Minutes	293	286	0	286	7	0	7	98%	
FY 2002	Response	415	401	0	401	12	2	14	97%	
	Held	374	360	0	360	9	5	14	96%	90%
	Minutes	335	317	2	319	6	10	16	95%	

¹ - of those that have reached the goal date

CBER PDUFA II Procedural and Processing Goals Performance – cont. (as of December 31, 2002)

		Sp	ecial Pro	otocol A	ssessmen	t			
Fiscal Year	Protocol Review Requests Received	Actions	Within G	oal	Acti	ons Overd	ue	% Completed Within Goal	PDUFA Goal
FY 1999	0					•			60%
FY 2000	0							i	70%
FY 2001	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	100%	80%
FY 2002	4	4	0	4	0	0	0	100%	90%
			Major Di	spute R	esolution				
Fiscal Year	Dispute Resolution Requests Received	Actions	s Within G	oal Total	Acti Completed	ons Overd	Total	% Completed Within Goal ¹	PDUFA Goal
FY 1999	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	100%	70%
FY 2000	0								80%
FY 2001	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	100%	90%
FY 2002	4	4	0	4	0	0	0	100%	90%
			esponse		nical Holds	ons Overd	ue		
Fiscal Year	Responses to Clinical Holds Received	Completed	Pending	Total	Completed	Pending	Total	% Completed Within Goal ¹	PDUFA Goal
FY 1998	22	18	0	18	4	0	4	82%	75%
FY 1999	77	73	0	73	4	0	4	95%	90%
FY 2000	89	87	0	87	2	0	2	98%	90%
FY 2001	125	115	0	115	10	0	10	92%	90%
FY 2002	121	118	0	119	3	0	3	98%	90%

¹ - of those that have reached the goal date

CBER Review Performance FY 2002 Cohort of User Fee Applications

Application Types		Percent of Actions				
	Submitted	Filed	AP	RTF, UN, or WF	Within Goal	Overdue
New Products	10	9	0	1	22%	0%
Effectiveness Supplements	11	11	2	0	45%	0%
Manufacturing Supplements	748	748	378	0	74%	1%

 $AP\!\!=\!\!Approved,\,RTF\!\!=\!\!Refuse\,To\,file,\,UN\!\!=\!\!Unacceptable\,For\,Filing,\,WF\!\!=\!Withdrawn\,Before\,Filing$

Selected CBER Products Approved in 2002

Pegfilgrastin
Ibritumomab
Interferon beta-1a
Rasburicase
Peginterferon alfa 2a
DTaP/HepB/IPV
HIV-1 PCR/ HCV-PCR
Adalimumab

- · Dec infections, nonmyeloid ca
- Relapsing or refractory non Hodgkins lymphoma
- · Relapsing multiple sclerosis
- Mgt. Plasma uric acid ped. Cancer pts
- · Hepatits C
- Combination childhood vaccine
- Detection of HIV-1 and HCV in hu plasma
- Some forms of severe active rheumatoid arthritis

For the CBER Record

- The number of CBER new product approvals is increasing
- CBER has demonstrated international in Biotech Product Regulation
- Despite the complexity of biotech products, review times and approval times compare favorably with those of other types of drugs
- Biological therapeutics are often available first in the USA
- Never a recall of an OTRR-approved biotech product due to safety concerns

Number of Approvals Within 12 Months

- CY 1996-2000, 14 of 22 BLAs submitted to OTRR approved within 12 months (64%)
- 13 were priority review; 10 within 12 months
- 9 were standard review; 4 approved within
 12 months

Number of Cycles to Approval

- From CY 1995-2001, OTRR approved 41% of the original BLAs submitted with 1 cycle
- 19% took 3 or more cycles
- Numbers are comparable to NMEs approved during this same time period

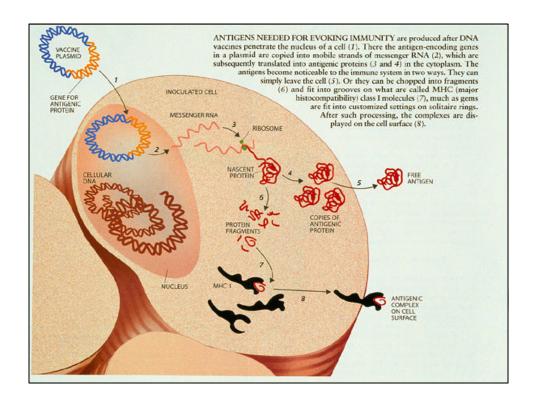
New Technologies

- New Vaccines
- Cellular and Gene Therapies
- Proteomics and Genomics
- Transgenics: Plants and Animals
- New Diagnostics for Blood and Tissue Safety

Vaccines of the 21st Century

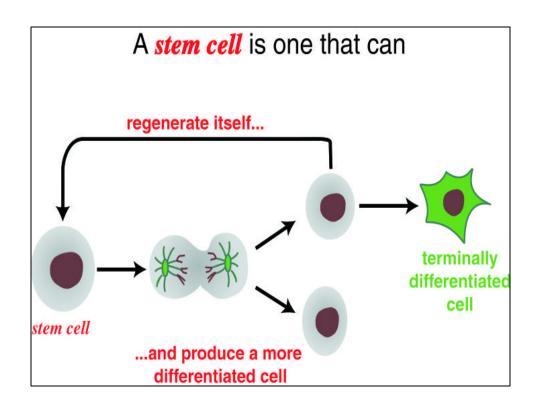
New Vaccines

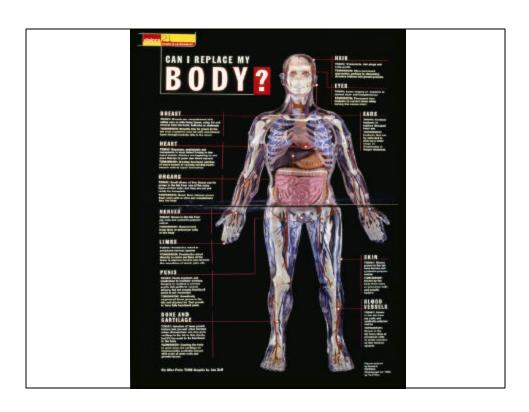
- Nucleic Vaccines
- Live Attenuated Vaccines
- Combination Vaccines
- Therapeutic Vaccines



Cell and Tissue Therapies, e.g.

- Hematopoietic stem cells
- Embryonic stem cells
- Expanded lymphocytes
- Assisted reproductive technologies
- Tissue engineering
- Pancreatic islet cells
- Hepatocytes
- Cartilage
- Xenotransplantation





CBER views on Genomics and Proteomics:

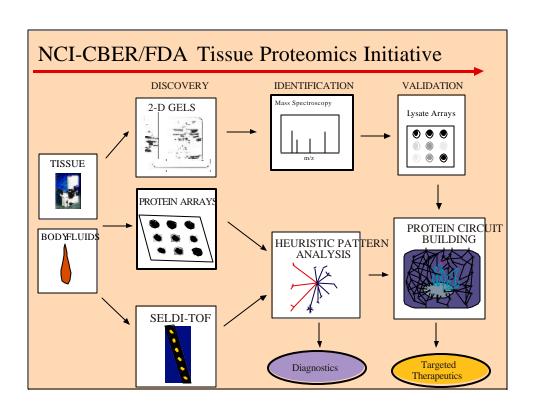
- Critical component of safe and effective drug development
- Basis for new drug discovery, biomarkers and surrogate endpoints for toxicity and efficacy monitoring
- Means to detect and assess chemical and biological terrorist agents

Regulatory Impact

- Vaccine assessment/potency
- Surrogate endpoints- efficacy/toxicity
- Quality control/quality assurance for product production
- New Bioassays
- Biomarkers for early detection
- Toxicity detection and prediction

Regulatory Impact (cont.)

- Discovery of new therapeutics tragets
- Risk of disease recurrence
- Patient-tailored therapy. Prospective selection
- New paradigm in disease classification/characterization
- Proteomic-based epidemiology



Transgenics

Transgenic Plant and Animal Products

- Vaccines
- Monoclonal Antibodies
- Therapeutic Proteins



Transgenic Animal Biological Product

Specific promotor
Ink
Gene of Interest
inject DNA (vector)
1 Cell Embryo
transfer
Offspring—Test for transgene
Production

Blood Safety in the 21st Century

- New Blood Screening Tests, e.g. West Nile Virus
- Pathogen Inactivation
- Blood Substitutes

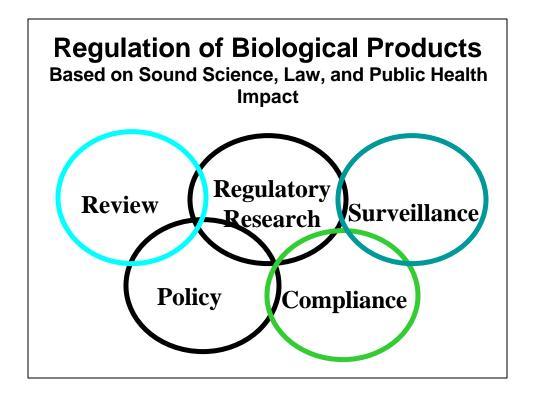
International Harmonization

- International Conference on Harmonisation: Q, S, E and M topics
- World Health Organizations
- US FDA and EU bilateral
- National Institute for Biological Standards and Controls (NIBSC), United Kingdom
- Interactions with Individual Countries, e.g. Mexico, Canada, Switzerland

CBER e-Business

- CBER is the first Center to accept fully electronic regulatory documents with digital signatures and automated submission and processing via ESM
- The EDR, ESM, and e-Routing are a complete, robust set of review tools to meet reviewer needs, developed in conjunction with the reviewer community
- CBER's electronic submission infrastructure and applications may form the core of an overall FDA electronic submission toolset
- The CBER Electronic Submissions program is robust and has made great strides since its inception in 1996





CBER Future

Destiny is not a matter of chance; it is a matter of choice. It is not something to be waited for; but rather something to be achieved.

William Jennings Bryan

FDA regulation should be based on good science and good sense

K. Zoon